

The University of Mancheste

iProver-Eq: An Instantiation-based Theorem Prover with Equality

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The University of Manchester

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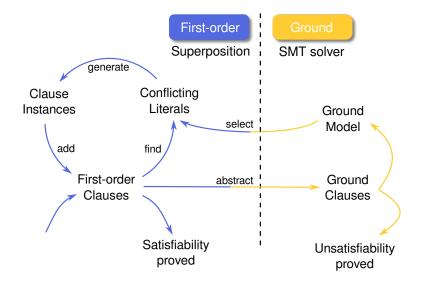
Instantiation-based Methods and Equality

- Instantiation-based methods
 - Decision procedure for Bernays-Schönfinkel fragment (verification, planning/scheduling, knowledge representation)
 - Performs well in plain first-order logic
 - Complementary to "traditional" first-order calculi
- Equational reasoning
 - Essential part in theory reasoning
 - Natural concept in many applications
 - Not well explored in instantiation-based setting
- Here: Instantiation-based calculus Inst-Gen-Eq
 - Ganzinger and Korovin [2004]
 - Complete for first-order clause logic modulo equality

What is iProver-Eq?

- *iProver* is the implementation of the Inst-Gen calculus where equality is handled only axiomatically
- *iProver-Eq* is the extension of *iProver* with superposition-based equational reasoning
- Distinctive feature: modular combination of first-order reasoning and ground satisfiability checking
- Proof procedure consists of
 - Ground reasoning on the abstraction of the clause set by an SMT solver
 - Equational reasoning on first-order literals in a candidate model
 - Instantiation of clauses with substitutions from superposition proofs

iProver-Eq System Overview



First-order clauses

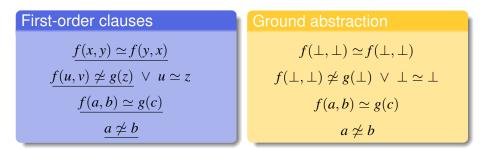
 $f(x, y) \simeq f(y, x)$ $f(u, v) \neq g(z) \lor u \simeq z$ $f(a, b) \simeq g(c)$ $a \neq b$

Ground abstraction $f(\bot, \bot) \simeq f(\bot, \bot)$ $f(\bot, \bot) \not\simeq g(\bot) \lor \bot \simeq \bot$ $f(a, b) \simeq g(c)$ $a \simeq b$

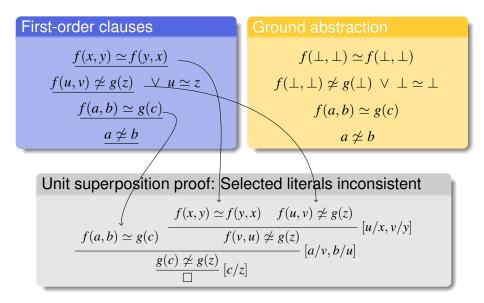
Unit superposition proof: Selected literals inconsistent $\frac{f(a,b) \simeq g(c)}{\frac{f(x,y) \simeq f(y,x) \quad f(u,v) \not\simeq g(z)}{f(v,u) \not\simeq g(z)}} \frac{[u/x,v/y]}{[u/x,v/y]}$

First-order clausesGround abstraction $f(x,y) \simeq f(y,x)$ $f(\bot,\bot) \simeq f(\bot,\bot)$ $f(u,v) \neq g(z) \lor u \simeq z$ $f(\bot,\bot) \neq g(\bot) \lor \bot \simeq \bot$ $f(a,b) \simeq g(c)$ $f(a,b) \simeq g(c)$ $a \neq b$ $a \neq b$

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Unit superposition proof: Selected literals inconsistent $\frac{f(a,b) \simeq g(c)}{\frac{f(x,y) \simeq f(y,x) \quad f(u,v) \not\simeq g(z)}{f(v,u) \not\simeq g(z)} [u/x,v/y]}{\frac{g(c) \not\simeq g(z)}{\Box} [c/z]}$



Unit superposition proof: Substitution extraction

$$\frac{f(a,b) \simeq g(c)}{\frac{f(x,y) \simeq f(y,x) \quad f(u,v) \neq g(z)}{f(v,u) \neq g(z)}} \frac{[u/x,v/y]}{[u/x,v/y]}$$

$$\frac{g(c) \neq g(z)}{\Box} \frac{[c/z]}{[c/z]}$$

First-order clauses $\frac{f(x, y) \simeq f(y, x)}{f(u, v) \not\simeq g(z)} \lor u \simeq z$ $\frac{f(a, b) \simeq g(c)}{\underline{a \not\simeq b}}$

First-order instances

$$\begin{aligned} f(b,a) \simeq f(a,b) \\ f(b,a) \not\simeq g(c) \ \lor \ b \simeq c \end{aligned}$$

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Unit superposition proof: Substitution extraction $\frac{f(a,b) \simeq g(c)}{\frac{f(x,y) \simeq f(y,x) \quad f(u,v) \neq g(z)}{f(v,u) \neq g(z)} [u/x,v/y]}{\frac{g(c) \neq g(z)}{\Box} [c/z]}$

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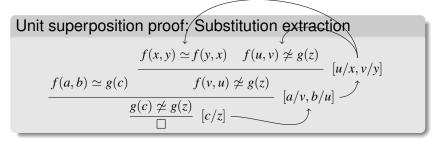
First-order instances

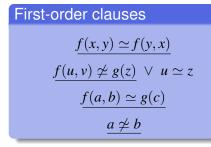
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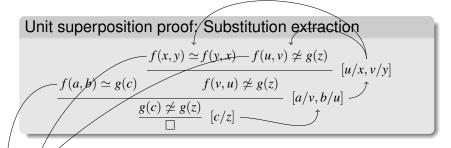
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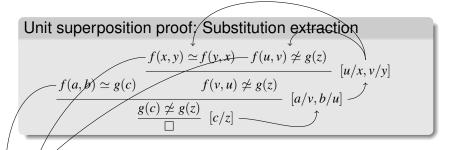
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First-order clauses

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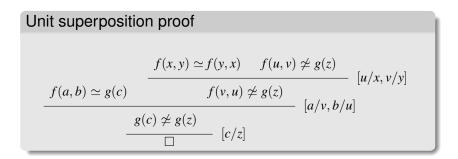
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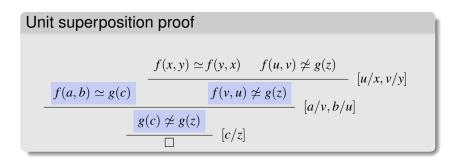
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Answer computation and completeness



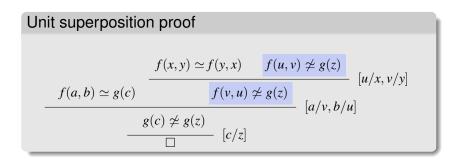
- Instances from all proofs from selected literals required
- Shorter proofs do not subsume longer proofs
- Literal variants may occur in the same proof

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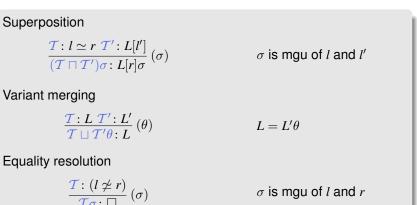
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Labelled Unit Superposition

- Find inconsistent first-order literals
- Compute instantiating substitutions in labels



- Uniform treatment of literal variants
- Preserve proof structure for redundancy elimination

Summary

- iProver-Eq is an instantiation-based automated theorem prover for first-order clause logic
- Labelled unit superposition calculus generates instances
- Modularly integrates any SMT solver as ground solver
- Currently CVC3, any other can be used, Z3 or Yices, e.g.
- Written in OCaml, using C/C++ interface of SMT solvers
- Currently running in this year's CASC