

# Debugging of $\mathcal{ALC}$ -Ontologies via Minimal Model Generation

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## Ontology Debugging

Ontologies are the basis for semantic web and knowledge-based systems

Widely used in practice: BBC, NHS, Klappo, ...

Ontology debugging aims to guarantee that an ontology

- ▶ is coherent
- ▶ models properly (implicit) domain knowledge
- ▶ keeps these properties over time

## Debugging via Model Generation

Given an ontology  $\mathcal{O}$  and a set  $S_\alpha$  of properties, check if  $\mathcal{O} \models \alpha$  ( $\mathcal{O} \cup \{\neg\alpha\} \models \perp$ ) for all  $\alpha \in S_\alpha$ .

- ▶ if  $\mathcal{O} \not\models \alpha$ 
  - ▶ extraction of a model explaining why  $\mathcal{O} \not\models \alpha$
  - ▶ understanding the model allows to fix the ontology
- ▶ if  $\mathcal{O} \models \alpha$  then  $\mathcal{O}$  is well specified w.r.t.  $\alpha$

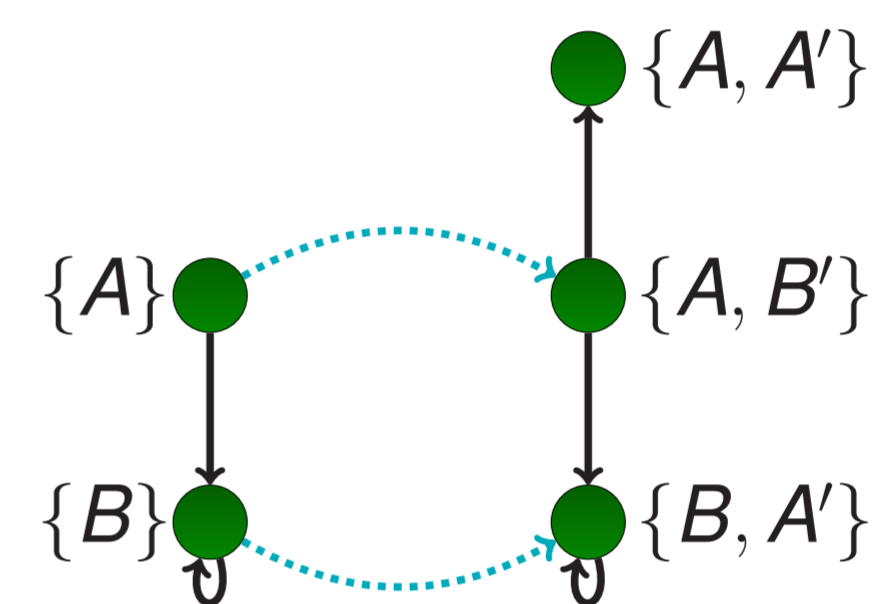
Applicable at any stage of the life cycle of an ontology.

## Subset-Simulation Minimality

Relation between individuals of two models  $\mathcal{I} = (\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}, \cdot^{\mathcal{I}})$  and  $\mathcal{I}' = (\Delta^{\mathcal{I}'}, \cdot^{\mathcal{I}'})$  s.t. for any two individuals  $a$  and  $a'$ , if  $a S a'$  then the following hold.

- ▶  $V(a) \subseteq V'(a')$  (where  $V(a) = \{A \in N_C \mid a^{\mathcal{I}} \in A^{\mathcal{I}}\}$ ), and
- ▶ if  $r(a, b)$ , then there exists a  $b'^{\mathcal{I}'} \in \Delta^{\mathcal{I}'}$  such that  $r(a', b')$  and  $b S b'$ .

A model  $\mathcal{I}$  of an ontology  $\mathcal{O}$  is minimal modulo subset-simulation iff for any model  $\mathcal{I}'$  of  $\mathcal{O}$ , if  $\mathcal{I}' \leq \mathcal{I}$ , then  $\mathcal{I} \leq \mathcal{I}'$ .



## Tableau Calculus

$$(\forall) \frac{r(a, b) \quad (\forall r.C)(a)}{C(b)}$$

$$(\alpha) \frac{(C_1 \sqcap \dots \sqcap C_n)(a) \vee \Phi_\alpha^+}{C_1(a) \vee \Phi_\alpha^+}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$C_1(a) \vee \Phi_\alpha^+$$

$$(TBox) \frac{\neg C \sqcup D}{(\neg C \sqcup D)(a)}$$

$a$  is on the branch

$$(\vee) \frac{(C_1 \sqcup \dots \sqcup C_n)(a) \vee \Phi}{C_1(a) \vee \dots \vee C_n(a) \vee \Phi}$$

$$(\beta) \frac{C(a) \vee \Phi^+}{C(a) \mid \Phi^+}$$

$neg(\Phi^+)$

$$(\exists) \frac{(\exists r.C)(a)}{r(a, b)}$$

$C(b)$

where  $b$  is fresh

$$(SBR) \frac{A_1(a_1) \dots A_n(a_n) r_1(b_1, c_1) \dots r_m(b_m, c_m)}{(\neg A_1)(a_1) \vee \dots \vee \neg r_m(b_m, c_m) \vee \Phi_\alpha^+}$$

$\Phi_\alpha^+$

Table : Rules of the tableau calculus

- ▶  $C$  is of the form  $\exists r.C$ ,  $\forall r.C$ , or  $A$
- ▶  $neg(\Phi^+) = \{(\neg A)(a) \mid A(a) \text{ is a disjunct of } \Phi^+\}$
- ▶  $\Phi_\alpha^+$  a disjunction of  $C$  or conjunctions
- ▶  $\Phi^+$  a disjunction of  $C$

Features of the calculus:

- ▶ lazy classification ( $(\alpha)$  rule) to reduce the number of inferences
- ▶ complement splitting ( $(\beta)$  rule) to close “non-minimal” branches as soon as possible
- ▶ selection-based resolution to reduce the number of inferences and to close branches
- ▶ handling of Boolean ABoxes

The calculus is **refutationally sound and complete**.

The calculus is **minimal model complete**.

**Subset-simulation test**

- ▶ If the model extracted from a branch  $\mathcal{B}$  subset-simulates a model extracted from a branch  $\mathcal{B}'$ , then close  $\mathcal{B}$ .

The test guarantees **minimal model soundness**.

Easily generalisable to cover more expressive logics.

$$\text{for } \mathcal{ALCH} \quad (\mathcal{H}) \frac{r(a, b) \quad r \sqsubseteq s}{s(a, b)}$$

**Termination** via dynamic ancestor equality blocking.

## References

- ▶ F. Papacchini and R. A. Schmidt. Computing minimal models modulo subset-simulation for propositional modal logics. In P. Fontaine, C. Ringeissen, and R. A. Schmidt, editors, *Proc. FroCoS'13*, volume 8152 of *LNCS*, pages 279–294. Springer, 2013.
- ▶ F. Papacchini and R. A. Schmidt. Terminating minimal model generation procedures for propositional modal logics. In S. Demri, D. Kapur, and C. Weidenbach, editors, *Proc. IJCAR'14*, volume 8562 of *LNAI*, pages 381–395. Springer, 2014.