

# A Modal Tableau Approach for Minimal Model Generation

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Fabio Papacchini and Renate A. Schmidt

School of Computer Science  
The University of Manchester

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# Model generation/minimization

Model generation is used in computer science areas like

- system verification and debugging
- validation and debugging of data models
- non-monotonic reasoning

Model minimization can be categorized in:

- minimization of the domain
- minimization of specific predicates
- minimization of all predicates

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# Minimal Modal Herbrand Model

Modal Herbrand model  $\iff$  Herbrand model for the first-order logic translation

## Example

Modal Herbrand models of  $p_1 \wedge (\Diamond p_2 \vee p_3)$ :

$$I_1 = \{w : p_1, w : p_3\}$$

$$I_2 = \{w : p_1, f_{\Diamond p_2}(w) : p_2, (w, f_{\Diamond p_2}(w)) : R\}$$

$$I_3 = \{w : p_1, w : p_3, f_{\Diamond p_2}(w) : p_2, (w, f_{\Diamond p_2}(w)) : R\}$$

$I_3$  is not minimal because  $I_1 \subset I_3$  and  $I_2 \subset I_3$

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$I_3$  is not minimal because  $I_1 \subset I_3$  and  $I_2 \subset I_3$

# Minimal Modal Model Generation (3MG) Calculus

*Input:* a set of modal clauses

*Box miniscoping* during the conjunctive normal form transformation:  $\Box(\phi_1 \wedge \phi_2) \Rightarrow \Box\phi_1 \wedge \Box\phi_2$

*Expansion strategy:* depth-first left-to-right strategy

*Output:*

- the input is unsatisfiable (closed tableau)
- all and only minimal modal Herbrand models, each model exactly once  
(open branch  $\rightsquigarrow$  minimal modal Herbrand model)

# Rules of the 3MG calculus

Four expansion rules:

- $(\diamond)$ : expands diamond formulae
- $(\vee)_E$ : prepares the input for the other rules
- $(CS)$  – complement splitting rule:
  - avoids model duplication
  - ensures that the first model is minimal
- $(PUHR)$ :
  - expands clauses with negative literals
  - can close a branch

Model constraint propagation rule:

blocks the generation of non-minimal model



# A derivation example

Derivation for:

$$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$$

# A derivation example

$w : \diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee \diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : s$

Derivation for:

$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$

Set of clauses in input

$w : \diamond p$

$(w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$w : \diamond s$

MC

$\perp$

# A derivation example

$w : \Diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \Diamond p \vee \Diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \Diamond p \vee w : \Diamond s$

$(w, f_{\Diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : s$

$w : \Diamond p$

$(w, f_{\Diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$

$(w, f_{\Diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : p$

$w : \Diamond s$

$MC$

$\perp$

Derivation for:

$\Diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\Diamond p \vee \Diamond s)$

$(\vee)_E$  rule

# A derivation example

$w : \Diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \Diamond p \vee \Diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \Diamond p \vee w : \Diamond s$

$(w, f_{\Diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : s$

$w : \Diamond p$

$(w, f_{\Diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$

$(w, f_{\Diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : p$

$w : \Diamond s$

$MC$

$\perp$

Derivation for:

$\Diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\Diamond p \vee \Diamond s)$

$(\vee)_E$  rule

# A derivation example

$w : \diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee \diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : s$

Derivation for:

$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$

$(\diamond)$  rule

|                                   |   |                  |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| $w : \diamond p$                  | ' |                  |
| $(w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$ |   | $w : \diamond s$ |
| $(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$      |   | MC               |
| $f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$           |   | $\perp$          |

# A derivation example

$w : \Diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \Diamond p \vee \Diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \Diamond p \vee w : \Diamond s$

$(w, f_{\Diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\Diamond p}(w) : s$

Derivation for:

$\Diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\Diamond p \vee \Diamond s)$

(*PUHR*) rule

|                                   |   |                  |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| $w : \Diamond p$                  | / |                  |
| $(w, f_{\Diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$ | \ | $w : \Diamond s$ |
| $(w, f_{\Diamond p}(w)) : R$      |   | <i>MC</i>        |
| $f_{\Diamond p}(w) : p$           |   | $\perp$          |

# A derivation example

$w : \diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee \diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : s$

Derivation for:

$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$

(CS) rule

|                                   |   |                  |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| $w : \diamond p$                  | ' | \                |
| $(w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$ |   | $w : \diamond s$ |
| $(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$      |   | MC               |
| $f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$           |   | $\perp$          |

# A derivation example

$$\begin{aligned}
 w &: \diamond p \\
 w &: q \\
 w &: \neg q \vee \Box s \\
 w &: \diamond p \vee \diamond s \\
 w &: \neg q \vee w : \Box s \\
 w &: \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s \\
 (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) &: R \\
 f_{\diamond p}(w) &: p \\
 f_{\diamond p}(w) &: s
 \end{aligned}$$

Derivation for:

$$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$$

$(\diamond)$  rule

|   |  |
|---|--|
| $  \begin{aligned}  w &: \diamond p \\  (w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) &: \neg R \\  (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) &: R \\  f_{\diamond p}(w) &: p  \end{aligned}  $ | $  \begin{aligned}  & \backslash \\  & w : \diamond s \\  & MC \\  & \perp  \end{aligned}  $ |
|---|--|



# A derivation example

$w : \diamond p$   
 $w : q$   
 $w : \neg q \vee \Box s$   
 $w : \diamond p \vee \diamond s$   
 $w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$   
 $w : \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s$   
 $(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$   
 $f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$   
 $f_{\diamond p}(w) : s$

|                                   |           |                  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| $w : \diamond p$                  | /         |                  |
| $(w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$ | \         | $w : \diamond s$ |
| $(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$      | <i>MC</i> |                  |
| $f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$           | $\perp$   |                  |

Derivation for:

$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$

fully expanded  
open branch



Minimal Model:

$\{w : q, f_{\diamond p}(w) : p,$   
 $f_{\diamond p}(w) : s, (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R\}$

# A derivation example

$w : \diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee \diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : s$

Derivation for:

$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$

Model constraint

Minimal Model:

$\{w : q, f_{\diamond p}(w) : p,$   
 $f_{\diamond p}(w) : s, (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R\}$

|                                   |   |                  |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| $w : \diamond p$                  | ' |                  |
| $(w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$ |   | $\backslash$     |
| $(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$      |   | $w : \diamond s$ |
| $f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$           |   | <b>MC</b>        |
|                                   |   | $\perp$          |

**Constraint (MC):**  $w : \neg q \vee f_{\diamond p}(w) : \neg p \vee f_{\diamond p}(w) : \neg s \vee (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : \neg R$

# A derivation example

$w : \diamond p$

$w : q$

$w : \neg q \vee \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee \diamond s$

$w : \neg q \vee w : \Box s$

$w : \diamond p \vee w : \diamond s$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : s$

Derivation for:

$\diamond p \wedge q \wedge (\neg q \vee \Box s) \wedge (\diamond p \vee \diamond s)$

(*PUHR*) rule

Minimal Model:

$\{w : q, f_{\diamond p}(w) : p,$   
 $f_{\diamond p}(w) : s, (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R\}$

$w : \diamond p$       $'$

$(w, f_{\diamond s}(w)) : \neg R$

$(w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : R$

$f_{\diamond p}(w) : p$

$\backslash$   
 $w : \diamond s$

*MC*

$\perp$

Constraint (*MC*):  $w : \neg q \vee f_{\diamond p}(w) : \neg p \vee f_{\diamond p}(w) : \neg s \vee (w, f_{\diamond p}(w)) : \neg R$

# Conclusion

The presented calculus

- is minimal model sound and complete
- terminates
- does not create model duplicate

Most of these properties can be proved by a translation proof using the PUHR approach for the first-order logic